

# Imam Shafi (Rah) Matric. Hr. Sec. School

# Newsletter



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## Hadith of the Month

أَحْسِنْ خُلُقَكَ لِلنَّاسِ.

Treat others with the best of manners.  
(Mishkaat)

Lessons learnt from this Hadith:

1. Treat others in the way you would like to be treated.
2. Do not be harsh and rude. Be kind to all.
3. The best person is the one who has good manners.
4. Allah loves those who have good manners.

## Muslim woman freedom fighter-Hajara Begum

Hajara Begum, who fought against the British to liberate the Nation and worked for the welfare of the toiling masses of the country, was born on 22 December, 1910 at Saharanpur in Uttar Pradesh. She came to know about the sacrifices of the freedom fighters who were fighting against the British from her father, who was a police officer. After the failure of her marriage, she went to London to pursue her higher education, where she got acquainted with the anti-British forces. This led her to decide to fight against the British Imperialist forces to liberate the nation. She had to face the anger of the British Government as she was criticizing their acts in several International fora.

She returned to India and joined as a lecturer in the Karamat Hussain women's College at Lucknow in 1935. She also worked along with famous poet Sajjad Zahir in the formation of All India Progressive Writers' Association.



She got married to a nationalist leader Dr. Zainul Abedeen Ahmed in 1935 and in the same year both of them took membership in the Indian National Congress. Since the police were after them for their anti-British activities, they resigned their jobs and dedicated themselves totally to the Indian National Movement. She spoke on different subjects in the workshop as a lecturer. Hajara Begum was against the gender bias since her younger age. She fought against all types of inequalities successfully. She left the Indian National Congress in 1940 along with her husband. Since then, she played a vital role in organizing the unorganized labour sector. She became very popular as 'Hajara Aapa' in the circles of toiling people and women. The Soviet Union honoured her with 'Supreme Soviet Jubilee Award' in 1960 in recognition of her work for the downtrodden people on the eve of the birth centenary of Lenin. Hajara Begum, who spent her entire life in the service of the country, breathed her last on 20 January, 2003.

A Mohamed Zaidh X Std.

## 76th Independence Day Celebration-15.08.2022



# International peace day

Each year the International Day of Peace is observed around the world on 21 September. The UN General Assembly has declared this as a day devoted to strengthening the ideals of peace, through observing 24 hours of non-violence and cease-fire. The International Day of Peace was established in 1981 by the United Nations General Assembly. Two decades later, in 2001, the General Assembly unanimously voted to designate the Day as a period of non-violence and cease-fire. The day is devoted to building the ideals of peace among all countries and people. Peace is the path we take for bringing growth and prosperity to society. If we do not have peace and harmony, achieving political strength, economic stability and cultural growth will be impossible. Moreover, before we transmit the notion of peace to others, it is vital for us to possess peace within.



To establish the peace in world:

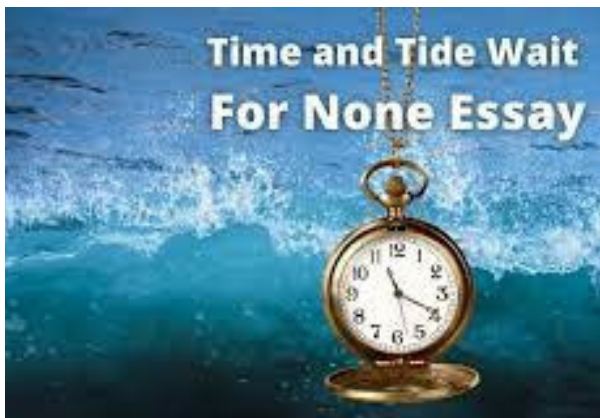
- Smile to people no matter whether they are indifferent, angry, or unhappy....
- Forgive people and take them as they are....
- Respect every living thing....
- Never support violence....

The concepts of peace and unity have been of the main importance in the human history. With the each stage of development of the human mind, the people had to be in close relationship to defend them from others or help each other, and this phenomenon has never changed.

**M.Aysha IX Std**

THE THEME OF 2022 IS END RACISM, BUILD PEACE

## Time and tide wait for none



'Time and tide wait for none' is an old English proverb that means that both time and tide are uncontrollable, that is they can't be stopped or deflected in any way; therefore, one must perform his duties considering the fact that time once lost, can't be gained back. The proverb tells us the true worth of time and conveys that time is the most valuable asset. It warns us that we must not waste time and also be prepared for every eventuality.

**A well-written story on a proverb is the best way to understand the true meaning it conveys.**

Once there lived a poor farmer in a village in India. His whole family depended on the farm products he generated throughout the year. Like he does every year, the farmer had sown the crop, in a particular year. When the time of harvest came, he needed to go to the city to hire labours for that. He started postponing this, thinking that he still has time, while all the other farmers have harvested their field much in advance.

Even his wife's persistent persuasions couldn't get the farmer to go to the city and get labours. He was simply postponing it, thinking that nothing could happen with a delay of a couple of days. However, one day he decided that he would be going to the city the next day. It so happened, that on the same night, a very strong storm came into the village. The winds were so strong that even big trees were uprooted.

Our poor farmer's complete crop was destroyed in the storm. He was filled with immense grief and was filled with deep regret. Regret not valuing time and harvesting the crops without delay. Had he done that, he wouldn't have faced this situation. Nevertheless, it was useless to regret now, because time and tide wait for none, and they haven't waited for our farmer.

**Nadirah.M VI Std**

# National Sports Day

National Sports Day is observed on 29 August every year to commemorate the birthday of Indian hockey legend major Dhyan Chand, born on 29 August 1905 in present day Prayagraj, UR. Major Dhyan Chand was the captain of the gold medal winning Indian hockey team at the Berlin Olympics in 1936.

Major Dhyan Chand: widely known as the 'wizard of hockey' the greatest hockey player of India. After getting a basic education Dhyan Chand joined the Indian army as a soldier in 1922. Major Dhyan Chand was a true sports person and was motivated by subedar Major Tiwari who was himself a sports lover to play hockey. Chand started playing hockey under his supervision.

Dhyan Singh would practice his hockey in the night under the moonlight, a reason that earned him the name Dhyan Chand (Chand means moon in Hindi). In a country that has reverse sporting superstars like Sachin Tendulkar, Virat Kohli, among others hockey player Major Dhyan Chand has reserved a special place for himself. Dhyan Chand went on to rule the world of hockey with his delightful stick work and understanding of the games that earned him the moniker of 'Hockey Wizard' and 'The Magician'.

Due to his outstanding performance in hockey, Chand was appointed as 'Lance Naik' in 1927 and was promoted to Nayak in 1932 and subedar in 1936. The same year he captained the Indian hockey team. He went on to become lieutenant, captain and was eventually promoted to Major.

**M.H.AFRA VII Std.**



# Conservation of Mangrove Ecosystem

July 26 is the international day of the conservation of Mangrove Ecosystem. First International Day for Conservation of Mangrove Ecosystem was observed in 2015. They support thriving biodiversity and offer fish and crustaceans a significant nursery habitat. The goal of the day is to promote the sustainable management of mangrove ecosystems.

Mangroves also provide natural infrastructure and protection to nearby populated areas by preventing erosion and absorbing storm surge impacts during extreme weather events such as hurricanes. Great Suburbans in the West Bengal are the largest mangrove regions in the world.



Mangroves protect us from tsunamis and storms. Mangroves are rare, spectacular and prolific ecosystems on the boundary between land and sea. These extraordinary ecosystems contribute to the well being, food security, and protection of coastal communities worldwide. They support a rich biodiversity and provide a valuable nursery habitat for fish and crustaceans.

Mangroves also act as a form of natural coastal defense against storm surges, tsunamis, rising sea levels and erosion. Their soils are highly effective carbon sinks, sequestering vast amounts of carbon. Yet mangroves are disappearing three to five times faster than overall global forest losses, with serious ecological and socio-economic impacts. Current estimates indicate that mangrove coverage has been divided by two in the past 40 years. Mangroves are in danger it is estimated that more than three quarters of mangroves in the world are now threatened and with them all the fine balances that depend on them. This is why UNESCO is acting to protect them, along with other valuable blue carbon ecosystems, through its geoparks, world heritage sites and biosphere reserves.

**M.S.Raihana XII Std**

# World wide web day



World Wide Web Day is observed on August 1 each year. The day is marked in honour of the ability of people to browse information freely using the Web. The Web is the tool that billions across the globe use every moment to interact with the global system of interconnected computer systems that is the Internet.

## History:

The WWW was created by English computer scientist Tim Berners-Lee in 1989, while he was working for the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN) in Switzerland. Berners-Lee developed the essentials of the web - HTTP, HTML, the WorldWideWeb browser, a server, and the first website - while working at the organisation. Over the next two years, the development of the WWW was first shared with other research institutes and organisations. But WWW also was shared with the public as CERN shared the code and waived royalty on the use of the WWW in 1993. Less than a year later, hundreds of websites were created and the dot-com bubble started in 1995 based on the rapid developments being made using the WWW.

## Significance:

When we speak of the Internet today we talk about the billions of web pages that are present that we can connect to at any time. The World Wide Web is the collection of all websites, web pages and resources that we can navigate to. The Internet can be thought of as the highway that connects all the web pages and websites. The development of the Web and the Internet has been instrumental in propelling the Information Age that the world is currently in.

**M.Hasna VII Std**

## ART GALLERY - Primary Section



I Std



II Std



III Std



IV Std



V Std



III Std



IV Std



IV Std



V Std



V Std